$\overline{101}_2$, since $x_1=0:\overline{010}_2$ and $x_2=0:\overline{101}_2=x_0$, thus it has period 2. To expand $0\overline{101}_2$ in base 10, lety = 0:

From this, let's make a nitely long sequence starting with all thed_k, then a zero, then the digits of a, $a_{k+2}a_{k+3}:::$ up the next zero, and terminate our sequence by replacing this zero with a 1. That is

$$0:d_1d_2:::d_k0a_{k+2}a_{k+3}:::1:$$

This number is identical to a up to that nal 1 (where a has a 0) so it is bigger than a