17

## 1 What's in the case?

Look at the picture below and list the items in the suitcase by extending the example sentence.

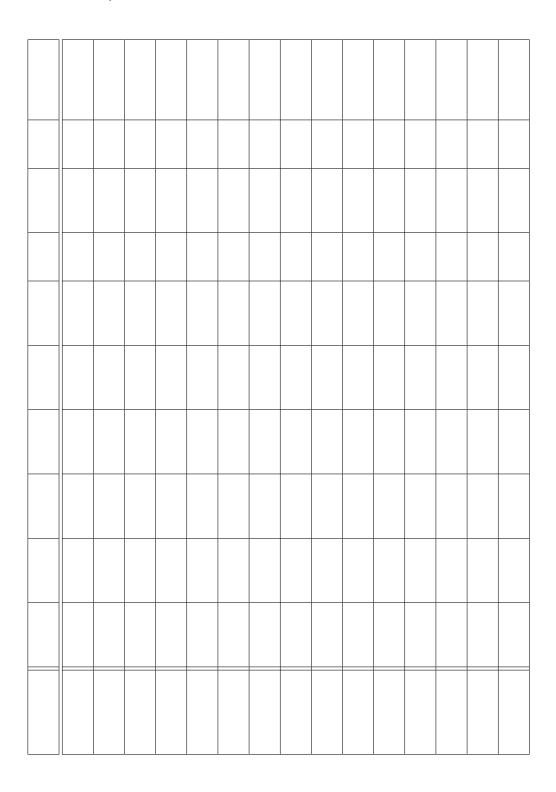


, . . . . . . .

# 2 Verbs of wearing: putting on and taking off What verb of wearing (see the box below) do we use with each of the following clothing and accessories?

### 3 Colours

Below is a grid comprising articles of clothing (vertical) with colours (horizontal). Ask your fellow student(s) if they have one of the articles listed in one of the colours listed.



# 6 What's up?

Look at the	situations	described	below a	and make	appropriate	comments	on them	using the	cue v	words
plus -	•									

Example:	You go outside and the streets are all wet. ( -)
Response:	•

- 1. You look for a colleague at work but can't find him. ( -)
- 2. You see a funeral lantern outside a Korean house, and you know the family's grandmother is old and frail. ( -)
- 3. You see weeds have overrun a garden. (

### 7 When do you wear ...?

Form a small group and ask each other the questions about the items of clothing listed below. To make the exercise go more smoothly, prepare your own answers in advance, and write them in the space provided.

Cue
Question
(Do you wear a suit? When do you wear a suit?)

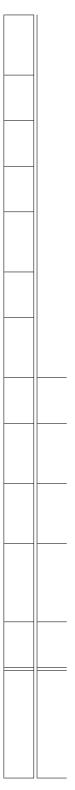
Response
, , , , . , (No, I don't. But, when I go to a wedding, I do.)

### **LANGUAGE NOTES:**

- Remember , , + Neg, + Neg, + Neg, , , , , , etc? Review Pages 94 95 in Unit 16.
- A woman's suit can be , and the verb to use with it will be 44992 (55456) (556) (1000(ñ)] TJ/F

### 8 He's wearing red trousers ...

This exercise is to help you practise further describing colours and using some relevant description verbs in Korean. Below is a grid comprising articles of clothing (horizontal) with colours/appearances (vertical). Your task is to look at the people around you, make a cross in the appropriate box where someone is wearing one of the articles listed in one of the colours/appearances listed, and talk to the class about your findings.



### 9 COMPARISONS

This exercise is designed to help you practice making comparisons in Korean. Read the cues below and make sentences according to the Example.

Example	
Cue	In Korea, Sorak-san ( ) is commonly recognised as the most beautiful mountain area, more beautiful than even Jiri-san ( ).
Response	· ·
1. David	is 1.8m tall, and Ji-Su's 1.77m.
2. Annie'	s got three brothers and sisters, and Seon-Yeong has four.
3. Bulgog	gi's delicious, but Galbi's even more delicious.
4. Austral	lia is a big country, but China is bigger.
5. Learnii	ng Japanese is more difficult that learning Korean (well, at least to some!).
6. This ro	oom is cleaner than that room.
7. And Se	eoul's noisier than Sydney.
8. New Z	ealand's closer to Australia than Fiji is.
9. My nei	ghbours are quieter than David's.
10. In Aus	tralia cricket is more popular than baseball.
11. Korean	food is hot, but Thai food is even hotter.
12. This U	niversity is older than that one.